ZETTLER DISPLAYS

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

C	CUSTOMER APPROVAL					
W DADENO ATA		CDL ANOVECT CD	ECVED14			
* PART NU.: ATM		,	EC VERI.I			
APPROVAL		CHOP				
CUSTOMER						
COMMENTS						
APPROVAL CUSTOMER	11010D11 (ZETTLER DI	COMPANY	EC VER1.1			

ZETTLER DISPLAYS ENGINEERING APPROVAL								
DESIGNED BY CHECKED BY APPROVED BY								
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REVISION RECORD

REVISION	REVISION	PAGE	CONTENTS
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VER1.0	2023-02-16	13	MODIFIED CONTRAST PARAMETER
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1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Remark
1. LCD size	10.1 inch(Diagonal)	
2. Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix	
3. Resolution	1024x(RGB)x600	
4. Display mode	Normally black ,IPS, Transmissive	
5. Dot Pitch (W*H)	0.0725mm(W) x 0.2088mm(H)	
6. Pixel pitch(W*H)	0.2175mm(W) x 0.2088mm(H)	
7. Active Area(W*H)	222.72mm(W) x 125.28mm(H)	
8. Module size (W*H)	235mm(W) x 143mm(H) x 5mm(D)	Note 1
Surface treatment	Anti-glare	
10. Color arrangement	RGB-stripe	
11. Color	16.7M	
12. Viewing angle (L/R/T/B)	85/85/85	
13. Interface	TTL	
14. LCD controller	N.A	
15. LCM brightness	900cd/m2 (Typ.)	
16. Backlight driving condition	210mA @18V (Typ.)	
17. Touch panel	Without	
18. Touch controller	Without	
19. Operation temperature	-10~60 °C	
20. Weight	T.B.D	
21. RoHS	ROHS compliant	

Note 1: Please refer to mechanical drawing.

2. PIN ASSIGNMENT

TFT LCD Panel Driving Section

FPC Connector is used for the module electronics interface.

The recommended model is FH12A-50S-0.5SH manufactured by Hirose or other compatible

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Level	Note
1~4	NC	No connection		
5	GND	Power ground	Р	
6	V _{COM}	Common voltage	Р	
7	DV_DD	Power for digital circuit	Р	
8	MODE	DE/SYNC mode select	I	Note 1
9	DE	nput enable	I	
10	VS	Vertical sync input	I	
11	HS	Horizontal sync input	1	
12~19	B7~B0	Blue data	I	Note 2
20~27	G7~G0	Green data	I	Note 2
28~35	R7~R0	Red data	I	Note 2
36	GND	Power ground	Р	
37	DCLK	Sample clock	I	Note 3
38	GND	Power ground	Р	
39	L/R	Left/Right selection	I	Note 4,5
40	U/D	Up/Down selection	I	Note 4,5
41	V_{GH}	Gate on voltage	Р	
42	V_{GL}	Gate off voltage	Р	
43	AV_{DD}	Power for analog circuit	Р	
44	RESET	Global reset pin	I	Note 6
45	NC	No connection		
46	V _{COM}	Common voltage	Р	
47	DITHB	Dithering function	I	Note 7
48	GND	Power ground	Р	
49~50	NC	No connection		

I: input, O: output, P: Power

Note 1: DE/SYNC mode select. Normally pull high.

When select DE mode, MODE="1", VS and HS must pull high.

When select SYNC mode, MODE= "0", DE must be grounded.

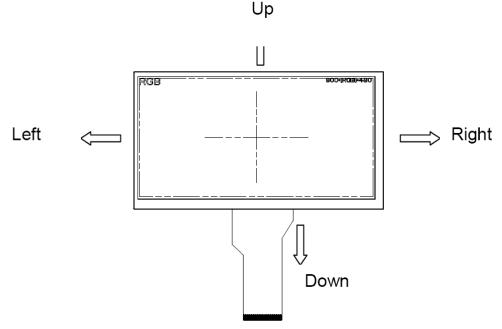
Note 2: When input 18 bits RGB data, the two low bits of R,G and B data must be grounded.

Note 3: Data shall be latched at the falling edge of DCLK.

Note 4: Selection of scanning mode

Setting of se	can control input	Coopping direction
U/D	L/R	Scanning direction
GND	DV_{DD}	Up to down, left to right
DV_{DD}	GND	Down to up, right to left
GND	GND	Up to down, right to left
DV_{DD}	DV_{DD}	Down to up, left to right

Note 5: Definition of scanning direction.Refer to the figure as below:



Note 6: Global reset pin. Active low to enter reset state. Suggest to connect with an RC reset circuit for stability. Normally pull high.

Note 7: Dithering setting

When DITHB="1",8bit resolution, When DITHB="0",6bit resolution,

3. Operating Specification

3.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Val	lues	Unit	Downauk
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Remark
Digital Supply Voltage	DV_DD	-0.5	5.0	V	
Analog Supply Voltage	AV_{DD}	6.5	13.5	V	
Gate ON Voltage	V_{GH}	-0.3	42.0	V	
Gate OFF Voltage	V_{GL}	-20.0	0.3	V	
Operation Temperature	T _{OP}	-10	60	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	70	°C	Note 2
LED Reverse Voltage	V _R		3.0	V	Note 3
LED Forward Current	lf		20	mA	Each LED

Note 1: The absolute maximum rating values of this product are not allowed to be exceeded at any times. Should a module be used with any of the absolute maximum ratings exceeded, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered, or in an extreme case, the module may be permanently destroyed.

Note 2: Non-condensation.

Temperature ≤ 40 °C , 90%RH Max.

Temperature $> 40^{\circ}$ C, Absolute humidity shall be less than 90%RH.

Note 3: VR Conditions: Zener Diode 30mA

3.1.1 Typical Operation Conditions

Item	Symbol		Values	Unit	Remark	
itein	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Nemark
Digital Supply Voltage	DV _{DD}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	Note 2
Analog Supply Voltage	AV _{DD}	9.4	9.6	9.8	V	
Gate ON Voltage	V_{GH}	15	18	19	V	
Gate OFF Voltage	V_{GL}	-8.6	-6	-3.4	V	
Common Voltage	V _{COM}	4.0	4.1	4.4	V	Note 4
Input Logic High Voltage	V _{IH}	0.7 DV _{DD}		DV_{DD}	V	Note 3
Input Logic Low Voltage	V _{IL}	0		0.3 DV _{DD}	V	Note 3

Note 1: Be sure to apply DV_{DD} and V_{GL} to the LCD first, and then apply V_{GH} . **Note 2**: DV_{DD} setting should match the signals output voltage (refer to Note 3) of customer's system board.

Note 3: DCLK,HS,VS,RESET,U/D, L/R,DE,R0~R7,G0~G7,B0~B7,MODE,DITHB.

Note 4: Typical VCOM is only a reference value. It must be adjusted to optimize display quality. (Cross talk, Contrast Ratio and etc.) Please use VR and base on below application circuit

3.1.2 Current Consumption

Item	Symbol		Values	Unit	Remark	
item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oill	Kemark
Gate ON Voltage	I _{GH}		0.3	0.6	mA	V _{GH} =18.0V
Gate OFF Voltage	I _{GL}		0.8	1.1	mA	V _{GL} =-6.0V
Digital Supply Current	lovdd		10	15	mA	DV _{DD} =3.3V
Analog Supply Current	lavdd		20	30	mA	AV _{DD} =9.6V

3.1.3 Backlight Driving Conditions

Item	Symbol		Values	Unit	Remark	
item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit	Remark
Backlight Power	VLED	16.2	18	19.8	V	Note 1
Backlight Power	ILED		210		mA	
LED life time		30000			Hr	Note 2

Note 1: The Backlight Supply Voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta=25℃ and I_{LED} =210mA.

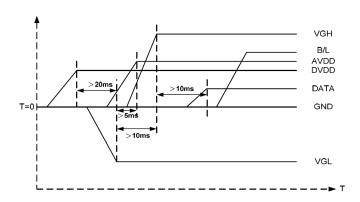
Note 2: The "LED life time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25 ℃ and I_{LED} =210mA.

35 30 Forward current (mA) 25 20 15 10 5 0 -10 -3010 30 50 70 90

Fig.5 Forward current VS. Ambient temperature

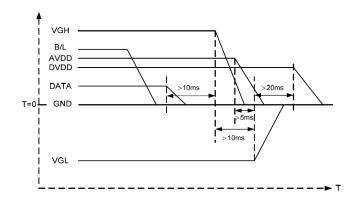
3.2 Power Sequence

a.Power on:



 $DV_{DD} \rightarrow V_{GL} \rightarrow V_{GH} \rightarrow Data \rightarrow B/L$

b.Power off:



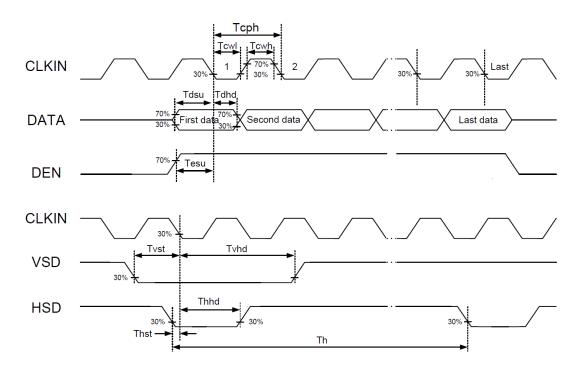
$$B/L {\rightarrow} Data {\rightarrow} V_{GH} {\rightarrow} V_{GL} {\rightarrow} DV_{DD}$$

Note: Data include R0~R7, B0~B7, GO~G7, U/D, L/R, DCLK, HS,VS,DE.

3.3 LVDS Signal Timing Characteristics

3.3.1 AC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol		Values		Unit	Remark
item	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit	Kemark
DVDD Power ON Selw Rate	T_por			20.0	ms	From 0 to 90% DVDD
RESET Pulse Width	T _{rst}	50			us	DCLK=65MHz
DCLK Cycle Time	T_{cph}	14			ns	
DCLK Pulse Duty	T_cwh	40	50	60	%	
VS Setup Time	T _{vst}	5			ns	
VS Hold Time	T_{vhd}	5			ns	
HS Setup Time	T _{hst}	5			ns	
HS Hold Time	T_{hhd}	5			ns	
Data Setup Time	T _{dsu}	5			ns	DI7:01 CI7:01 DI7:01 to DCI K
Data Hold Time	T_{dhd}	5			ns	R[7:0],G[7:0],B[7:0] to DCLK
DE Setup Time	T _{esu}	5			ns	
DE Hold Time	T _{ehd}	5			ns	
Output Stable Time	T _{sst}			6	us	10% to 90% target Voltage. CL=90pF,R=10K ohm (Cascade)
				3	us	Dual gate



3.3.2 Timing Table

DE mode

Item	Symbol		Values	Unit	Remark	
i.c.iii	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oiiit	Kemark
DCLK Frequency	fclk	42.6	51.2	67.2	MHz	Frame rate=60Hz
Horizontal Display Area	thd		1024		DCLK	
Horizontal period time	th	1164	1344	1400	DCLK	
HS Blanking	thb+thfp	140	320	376	DCLK	
Vertical display area	tvd		600		Н	
VSYNC period time	tv	610	635	800	Н	
VSYNC blanking	tvb+tvfp	10	35	200	Н	

HV mode: Horizontal input timing

Item	Symbol		Values	Unit	Remark		
item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oiiit	Kemark	
Horizontal Display Area	thd		1024				
DCLK Frequency	fclk	44.9	51.2	63	MHz	Frame rate=60Hz	
One Horizontal Line	th	1200	1344	1400	DCLK		
HS Pulse Width	thpw	1		140	DCLK		
HS back porch	hbp	160	160	160	DCLK		
HS Front Porch	thfp	16	160	216	DCLK		

HV mode: Vertical input timing

Item	Symbol		Values	Unit	Remark	
item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit	Kemark
Vertical Display Area	tvd		600		TH	
VS Period Time	tv	624	635	750	TH	
VS Pulse Width	tvpw	1		20	TH	
VS Back porch	tvbp	23	23	23	TH	
VS Front Porch	tvfp	1	12	127	TH	

3.3.3 Data Input Format

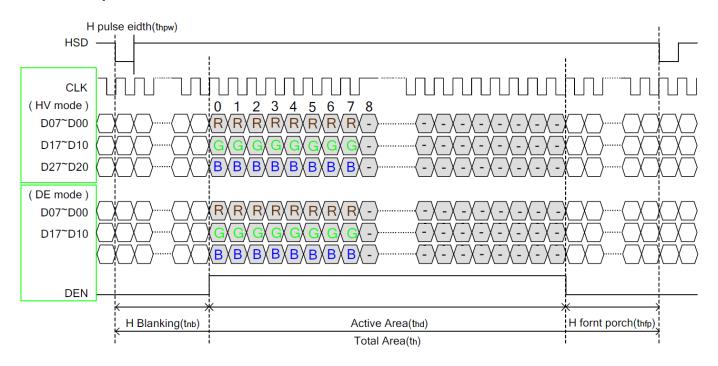


Figure 3.1 Horizontal input timing diagram.

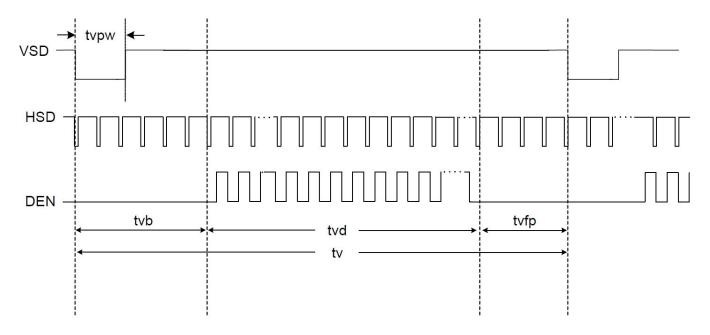


Figure 3.2 Vertical input timing diagram.

4.0 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Values			Unit	Remark
item	Syllibol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit	Nemark
	θ_{L}	Φ=180°(9 O'CLOCK)		80			Note 1
Viewing Angle	θ_{R}	Φ=0°(3 O'CLOCK)		80		dograo	
(CR≥10)	θ_{T}	Φ=90°(12 O'CLOCK)		80		degree	
	θ_{B}	Φ=270°(6 O'CLOCK)		80			
Response Time	T _{ON}			10	20	msec	Note 3
Response Time	T _{OFF}			15	30	msec	Note 3
Contrast Ratio	CR	Normal		800			Note 4
Color Chromoticity	W _X	Normal Θ=Φ=0°	0.25	0.30	0.35	Note 2.5	
Color Chromaticity	W _Y	Θ – Ψ – 0	0.26	0.31	0.36		Note 2,5,6
Luminance	L		800	900		cd/m ²	Note 6
Luminance Uniformity Y			75			%	Note 7

Test Conditions:

- 1. The ambient temperature is 25° C.
- 2. The test systems refer to Note 2.

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

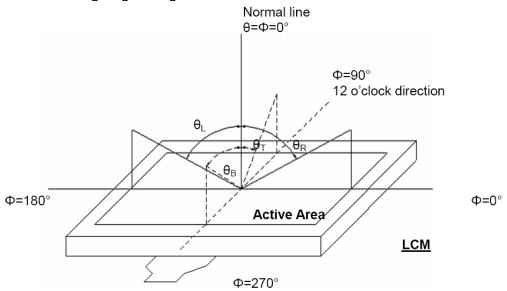


Figure 4.1 Definition of viewing angle.

Note 2: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON

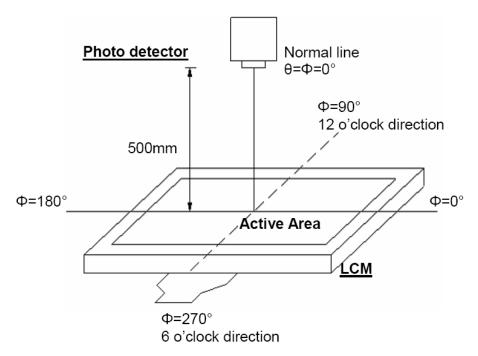


Figure 4.2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

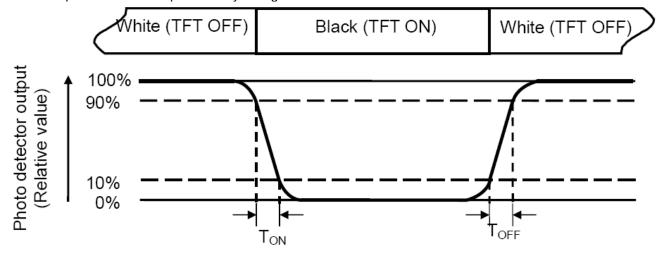


Figure 4.3 Definition of response.

Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio

 $\text{Contrast ratio(CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "white" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "black" state}}$

Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note 6: All input terminals LCD panel must be ground while measuring the center area of the panel.

Note 7: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to Fig. 4.4). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity (Yu) = $\frac{B_{min}}{B_{max}}$

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width

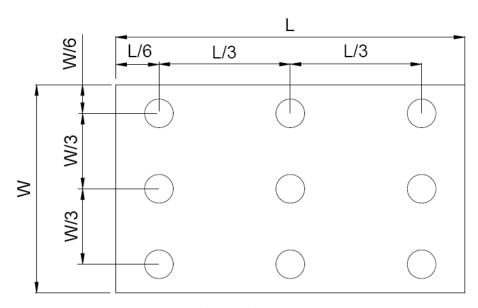


Figure 4.4 Definition of measuring points.

Bmax: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position. Bmin: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

5. RELIABILITY TEST

ltem	Test Condition Item	Remark
High temperature storage	Ta= 70 °C 96hrs	Note 1 Note 4
Low temperature storage	Ta=-20 °C 96hrs	Note 1 Note 4
High temperature operation	Ts= 60 °C 96hrs	Note 2 Note 4
Low temperature operation	Ts=-10°C 96hrs	Note 1 Note 4
High temperature/High humidity operation	90% RH 50°C 96hrs	Note 4
Thermal Shock	-20°C/30 min ~ +70°C/30 min for a total 20 cycles, Start with cold temperature and end with high temperature.	Note 4
Vibration test	Freq:10~55~10Hz Amplitude:0.75mm 30min for each direction of X,Y,Z (1.5 hours for total)	
Package drop test	Height:60 cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	
Electro static discharge	R: 330 Ω C:150pF Contact discharge: ±4K, Class B	Note 5

- Note 1: Ta is the ambient temperature of samples.
- Note 2: Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.
- **Note 3**: In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problem that may affect the display function. After the reliability test, the product only guarantees operation, but don't guarantee all of the cosmetic specification.
- **Note 4**: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.
- Note 5: Sample quantity no less than 3 pcs. Discharge no less than 5 times.
 - Contact discharge on bezel. For those without bezel, this test is not applicable
 - If the LCM is working abnormally during test but can recover after reset or after 2 hours recovery, the LCM is considered OK.

6. PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM

- When design the product with this LCD Module, make sure the viewing angle matches to its purpose of usage.
- 2. As LCD panel is made of glass substrate, dropping the LCD module or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation. Especially at corners and edges.
- 3. Although the polarizer of this LCD Module has the anti-glare coating, always be careful not to scratch its surface. Use of a plastic cover is recommended to protect the surface of polarizer.
- 4. If the LCD module is stored below specified temperature, the LC material may freeze and be deteriorated. If it is stored above specified temperature, the molecular orientation of the LC material may change to Liquid state and it may not revert to its original state. And also excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarizer peel off or bubble. Therefore, the LCD module should always be stored within specified temperature and humidity range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend temperature/humidity for the storage environment is:

Temperature : 15°C ~ 35°C / Relatively humidity: ≤80%

- 5. Meanwhile please follow other requirements below for storage:
 - -Store with no touch on display surface by the anything else. If possible, store the LCD in the packaging situation when it was delivered.
- -If the original package is opened, please store in an anti-static polyethylene bag and seal it so as not to get fresh air outside enter into it.
 - LCD modules shall be stored in a dark place. And it shall not be exposed to sunlight nor fluorescent light in storage.

Note: If the storage time is over 1 year, the golden fingers of FPC might be slightly oxidized, but it won't affect the electrical performance, customer can use rubber to clean the golden fingers before assembly or directly assemble the display.

6. Saliva or water droplets must be wiped off immediately as those may leave stains or cause color changes if is remained there for a long time. And water vapor will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.

If the surface of LCD panel needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft dry cloth. If it is not still clean enough, blow a breath on the surface and wipe again.

If needed, please just moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 7. The module should be driven according to the specified ratings to avoid malfunction and permanent damage. Applying DC voltage cause a rapid deterioration of LC material. Make sure to apply alternating waveform by continuous application of the M signal. Especially the power ON/OFF sequence should be kept to avoid latch-up of driver LSIs and DC charge up to LCD panel.
- 8. Mechanical Considerations
 - a) LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.
 - Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
 - Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.
- 9. Static Electricity
 - a) Operator

Wear the electrostatics shielded clothes because human body may be statically charged if not ware shielded clothes. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

b) Equipment

There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to the equipment, which has a function of peeling or friction action (ex: conveyer, soldering iron, working table). Earth the equipment through proper resistance (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

c) Floor

Floor is the important part to drain static electricity, which is generated by operators or equipment.

There is a possibility that charged static electricity is not properly drained in case of insulating floor. Set the electrostatic earth (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

d) Humidity

Proper humidity helps in reducing the chance of generating electrostatic charges. Humidity should be kept between 50%RH and 80%RH.

e) Transportation/storage

The storage materials also need to be anti-static treated because there is a possibility that the human body or storage materials such as containers may be statically charged by friction or peeling.

The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

f) Soldering

Soldering anything to this TFT display would void the warranty.

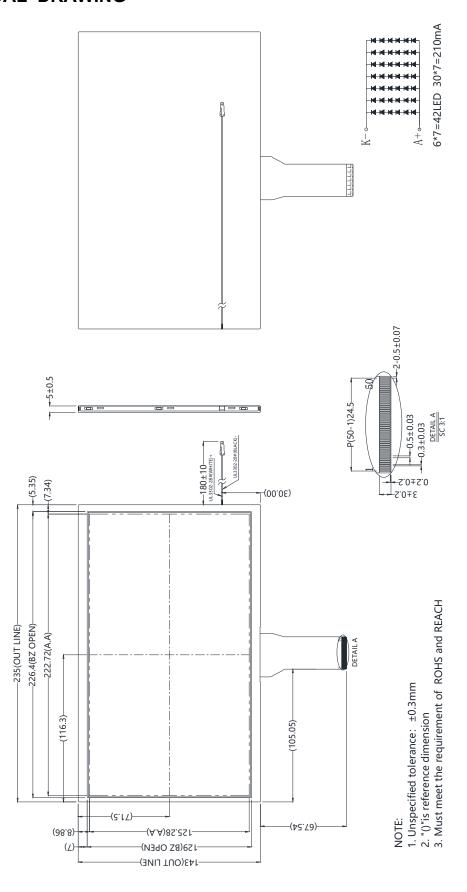
g) Others

The laminator (protective film) is attached on the surface of LCD panel to prevent it from scratches or stains. It should be peeled off slowly using static eliminator.

Static eliminator should also be installed to the workbench to prevent LCD module from static charge.

- 10. Operation
 - a) Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.
 - b) Response time increases with decrease iemperature.
 - c) Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
 - d) Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- 11. If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.
- 12. Disassembling the LCD module can cause permanent damage and it should be strictly avoided.
- 13. LCD retains the display pattern when it is applied for long time (Image retention). To prevent image retention, do not apply the fixed pattern for a long time. Image retention is not a deterioration of LCD. It will be removed after display pattern is changed.
- 14. Do not use any materials, which emit gas from epoxy resin (hardener for amine) and silicone adhesive agent (dealcohol or deoxym) to prevent discoloration of polarizer due to gas.
- 15. Avoid the exposure of the module to the direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet light for a long time.

7. MECHANICAL DRAWING



8. PACKAGE DRAWING

T.B.D

9. INSPECTION SPECIFICATION

1. SCOPE SPECIFICATIONS CONTAIN

- 1.1 DISPLAY QUALITY EVALUATION
- 1.2 MECHANICS SPECIFICATION

2. SAMPLING PLAN

UNLESS THERE IS OTHER AGREEMENT, THE SAMPLING PLAN FOR INCOMING INSPECTION SHALL FOLLOW MIL-STD-105E.

- 2.1 LOT SIZE: QUANTITY PER SHIPMENT AS ONE LOT (DIFFERENT MODEL AS DIFFERENT LOT).
- 2.2 SAMPLING TYPE: NORMAL INSPECTION, SINGLE SAMPLING.
- 2.3 SAMPLING LEVEL: LEVEL II.
- 2.4 AQL: ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL MAJOR DEFECT: AQL=0.65 MINOR DEFECT: AQL=1.0

3. PANEL INSPECTION CONDITION

3.1 ENVIRONMENT:

ROOM TEMPERATURE: 25±5°C.

HUMIDITY: 65±5% RH.

ILLUMINATION: 300 ~ 700 LUX.

3.2 INSPECTION DISTANCE:

35±5 CM

3.3 INSPECTION ANGLE:

THE VISION OF INSPECTOR SHOULD BE PERPENDICULAR TO THE SURFACE OF THE MODULE.

3.4 INSPECTION TIME:

PERCEPTIBILITY TEST TIME: 20 SECONDS MAX.

4. DISPLAY QUALITY

4.1 FUNCTION RELATED:

THE FUNCTION DEFECTS OF LINE DEFECT, ABNORMAL DISPLAY, AND NO DISPLAY ARE CONSIDERED MAJOR DEFECTS.

4.2 BRIGHT/DARK DOTS:

Defect Type	Specification	Major	Minor
Bright Dots	N≦3		•
Drak Dots	N≦4		•
Total Bright and Dark Dots	N≦6		•

Note: 1:

The definition of dot: The size of a defective dot over 1/2 of whole dot is regarded as one defective dot.

Bright dot: Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern.

The bright dot defect must be visible through 2% ND filter

Dark dot: Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue pattern.

4.3 Pixel Definition:

R	G	В	R	G	В	R	G	В	Dot Defect
R	G	В	R	G	В	R	G	В	Adjacent Dot Defect
R	G	В	R	G	В	R	G	В	Cluster

Note 1:

If pixel or partial sub-pixel defects exceed 50% of the affected pixel or sub-pixel area, it shall be considered as1 defect.

Note 2:

There should be no distinct non-uniformity visible through 2% ND Filter within 2 sec inspection times.

4.4Visual Inspection specifications:

De	efect Type	Specification Size	Count (N)	Major	Minor
	Dot shape	D≤0.25mm	Ignored		
	cratch and Bubbles in splay area)	0.25mm <d≤0.5mm< td=""><td>N≤3</td><td></td><td>•</td></d≤0.5mm<>	N≤3		•
		D>0.5mm	N=0		
N 1 D	(O I C T I I I)	D≤70mm	N≤4		
Newton Ring	(Only for Touch panel)	D>70mm	N=0		•
TOD Firk Free	(Only for Touch 11 - 11 - 1)	0.1mm <d≤0.2mm< td=""><td></td><td></td></d≤0.2mm<>			
11	s (Only for Touch panel) ubble/Dent)	0.2mm <d≤0.3mm< td=""><td>N≤3</td><td></td><td>•</td></d≤0.3mm<>	N≤3		•
(5)	ubble/Defit)	0.3mm <d≤0.4mm< td=""><td>N≤2</td><td></td><td></td></d≤0.4mm<>	N≤2		
	ine shape	W≤0.01mm	Ignored		
(Particles、Scr in c	ratch、Lint and Bubbles lisplay area)	0.01 mm $<$ W \leqslant 0.05mm $_{ ext{ iny }}$ and L \leqslant 3mm	N≤3		•
		W $>$ 0.05mm $, or L>3mm$	N=0		
Bubble ir	n cell (active area)	It should be found by eyes		•	
	Scratch	No harm		•	
Bezel	Dirt	No harm			•
Dezei	Wrap	No harm		•	
	Sunken	No harm			•
	No label	No			•
	Inverted label	No			•
	Broken	No		•	
Label	Dirt	Word can be read		•	
Label	Not clear	No			•
	Word out of shape	No			•
	Mistake	No			•
	Position	Be attached on right position			•
Screw	Not enough	No		•	
Solew	Limp	No	_	•	
Connector	Connection status	No bend on PINs and damage		•	
FPC/FFC	Broken	No		•	

Note: Extraneous substance and scratch not affecting the display of image, for instance, extraneous substance under polarizer film but outside the display area, or scratch on metal bezel and backlight module or polarizer film outside the display area, shall not be considered as defective or non-conforming.